FY27 Community Project Funding Guide

U.S. Representative Rick Larsen

February 2026

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Frequently Asked Questions

What is Community Project Funding?

Community Project Funding requests are earmarks for specific projects members request through annual appropriations bills. Appropriations bills determine the spending levels for the federal government for the next fiscal year. For the past few years, the House Appropriations Committee allowed members to request funding for important local projects.

Will Community Project Funding happen again this year?

Yes! This guide will give more information about what types of projects are eligible for Community Project Funding this year.

Who is eligible to apply for Community Project Funding?

State, local or Tribal governments and non-profits can apply for Community Project Funding. For-profit entities are not eligible. Certain accounts may have additional restrictions. For instance, nonprofits may not apply for HUD's Economic Development Initiative account directly.

How do I apply for Community Project Funding?

You can apply for Community Project Funding on our website at https://larsen.house.gov/fy2027-community-project-funding/. We recommend reviewing this form to ensure you have all the information needed to apply.

What is the deadline for applying for Community Project Funding?

You must apply by **5 PM PT on Friday, March 6, 2026**. If you would like to request an extension, please speak to the staff members listed in the contact page at the end of this guide prior to the deadline.

Are there limitations on what Community Project Funding can be used for?

Yes. You need to request funding through specific accounts within the budget, which have restrictions on what kinds of projects are eligible. Later in this guide, there is a section on eligible accounts that can help you determine if your project is eligible for any of the earmarkable accounts.

Will the available accounts this year be the same as last year?

The accounts largely remained the same. There were two changes: the ReConnect account was removed, and the Health Resources and Services Administration account was added.

How much funding can I request, and how much am I likely to receive?

The funding guidelines depend on the account you are requesting funds from. In the past, Rep. Larsen's requests ranged from $131,250 to $10,430,485. The Appropriations Committee may reduce the amount requested when including the project in the final bill.

In Fiscal Year 2026's funding requests, Rep. Larsen requested a total of $36,773,695 for 15 local projects, ranging from $165,000 to $5,000,000. The Appropriations Committee included all fifteen projects in their Appropriations bills, but only three projects were included at their requested level. In total, the Committee included the projects for a total of $13.9 million with included amounts ranging from $165,000 to $2,000,000.

Community Project Funding is requested for projects where private or non-federal funding is not available or sufficient. Typically, Community Project Funding will only provide a partial contribution to the total cost of a project. Several funding accounts require a state, local or private match for an entity to receive funding.

When will I know if Rep. Larsen chose my request?

Rep. Larsen's Community Project Funding requests will be submitted to the relevant subcommittees based on their submission deadlines. This year, the submission deadlines range from March 13 to March 20. You will receive notification shortly after the final projects are submitted.

If Rep. Larsen chooses my project, will it end up in the final legislation?

There are multiple steps in the process, many of which are not controlled by our office. The House Appropriations Committee may choose to not include every project submitted by a member. Following that, it could be stripped out of the legislation either when the bill goes before the full House or during negotiations with the Senate. It is possible that Appropriations bills could end up not being passed at all, as happened in Fiscal Year 2025.

When will Appropriations bills be passed through Congress?

Theoretically, all Appropriations bills are supposed to be passed in "regular order," meaning full passage of all 12 bills through both chambers which are then signed by the president by the start of the federal fiscal year on October 1. However, Congress rarely meets that deadline. When the deadline is not met, Congress can pass a continuing resolution (CR) to fund the government on a short term basis while negotiations continue. These can extend the timeline for several months. In Fiscal Year 2025, the House majority worked with the Senate to pass a CR through the end of the fiscal year, meaning that FY25 Appropriations bills were not passed into law at all. It could also lead to a government shutdown if the Appropriations bills are not passed and there are no CRs passed.

If our project is included in legislation passed by Congress, what is the process and timeline for receiving the funding?

In general, Community Project Funding recipients will be contacted by the agency that oversees the account you received funding from. The agencies cannot contact you prior to the legislation being passed into law. Once it is passed into law, the timeline varies between departments and agencies – some may start the process within a few weeks, while others may take several months after the bill's enactment into law.

Once you are contacted by the relevant agency, you will have to complete and submit a grant application outlining the project's goals, cost estimates and other information to ensure it meets federal requirements. The process for receiving project authorization and accessing funding could take months or years. Please keep this in mind when submitting a request.

Can I get reimbursed for project costs that were taken prior to getting funding obligated?

No. In general, you will not be able to be reimbursed for any money spent prior to receiving project authorization from the relevant agency.

Can I request operational costs for a project?

We recommend checking the guidance of the account to see whether operational costs are allowed under the guidance. However, Rep. Larsen is more likely to choose projects that have long term benefits. If you are requesting short term operational costs, such as staffing, it is less likely to be chosen. If you are seeking operational costs, we recommend explaining how you will continue to fund operational costs after the Community Project Funds run out.

How many projects can Rep. Larsen request?

Members of Congress are able to submit 20 Community Project Funding requests to the Appropriations Committee. Because the office receives dozens of requests each year, Rep. Larsen is only able to submit a fraction of the project requests received.

How can I make my application more competitive?

One of the main considerations for our office is whether the project has community support. This support could be shown through:

- Letters of support from elected community leaders
- Press articles highlighting the need for the specific project
- Resolutions passed by local/county/state/tribal governments
- Projects listed on community development plans, state intended use plans, and other publicly available planning documents
- Support from local newspaper editorial boards, etc.

Another major consideration is whether the project is ready to receive funding – will you be able to obligate all funding within a year? Additionally, what are the time constraints for the project? If the project must be completed urgently within a few months, Community Project Funding is not the best avenue.

Rep. Larsen's office also carefully reviews the scope of a project to ensure it fits within an eligible account. We recommend you look over the guidance in the eligible project accounts to ensure the project fits within the restrictions of the account you are seeking. If you are having trouble determining what account could fit for your project, you can reach out to the appropriate staff member listed in the staff contact list at the end of this guide.

We recommend giving as much information and detail as possible. The more we know about the project and how it will benefit the district, the more likely Rep. Larsen is to choose it and the more likely the committee will include it in its final legislation. It is unlikely that Rep. Larsen will choose the project if it is located outside of Washington's Second Congressional District.

Are Community Project Funding requests publicly disclosed?

Yes, all requests for Community Project Funding must be listed on Rep. Larsen's website, including the name and address of the requestor, the amount requested and the justification for the use of taxpayer funds.

Can I submit my request to other Congressional offices?

Yes. We encourage you to submit your request to Senators Murray and Cantwell as well as Rep. Larsen and any other member of the House that might be relevant.

Community Project Funding Eligible Accounts

Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration and Related Agencies Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

Community Facilities Grants

- **Department**: Department of Agriculture
- **Agency**: Rural Development
- **Description**: Community Facilities Grants can be used to purchase, construct or improve essential community facilities in rural areas, including purchasing equipment and paying for other related project expenses.
- **Eligible Projects**: Eligible community facilities include, but are not limited to, medical or dental clinics, healthcare facilities, police or fire departments, and public works vehicles.
- **Details and Requirements:**
    - **Except for fire stations, nonprofits are not eligible for this account.** If you are a nonprofit, we recommend partnering with a local government or public entity to submit your project.
    - All projects must serve a rural area, including cities, villages, townships and federally recognized Tribal lands with no more than 20,000 residents.
    - Priority will be given to essential projects, such as those focused on public health and safety.
    - Requests for community gardens or museums or other similar requests the committee considers non-essential will not be considered.
    - There are cost share requirements that are calculated on a graduated scale with smaller communities with the lowest median household incomes being eligible for projects with a higher proportion of grant funds. You can find the cost share requirement for your community by looking here.
    - Community Facilities grants cannot be used to pay initial operating expenses or annual recurring expenses, refinance existing debt, pay interest, build or repair facilities in non-rural areas or pay for construction costs of facilities that will be used for commercial rental space.
    - Please contact the State Rural Development Office to discuss the project and confirm eligibility. Contact information is included in resources below.
- **Resources:** The State Rural Development Office is a valuable resource to answer program questions. You can find contact information for the Washington state office here. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Distance Learning and Telemedicine (DLT) Grants

- **Department:** Department of Agriculture
- **Agency:** Rural Development
- **Description:** Distance Learning and Telemedicine (DLT) grants help rural residents better utilize modern telecommunications by acquiring the technology and training necessary to connect educational and medical professionals with students, teachers, and patients in rural areas.

- **Eligible Projects:** Eligible uses include audio and video equipment, broadband facilities that support distance learning or telemedicine (not actual broadband), computer hardware, network components, software or instructional programming.
- **Details and Requirements:**
  - **Nonprofits are not eligible for this account.** If you are a nonprofit, we recommend partnering with a local government or public entity to submit your project.
  - The program is intended to serve rural areas with populations of 20,000 or less.
  - The program requires a 15% cost sharing match that cannot come from another federal source.
  - You are strongly encouraged to provide as much detail as possible on how the award will be utilized, what equipment or service will be acquired and information on the population(s) served.
  - You can view the regulations for this account [here](#).
  - Please contact the State Rural Development Office to discuss the project and confirm eligibility. Contact information is included in resources below.
- **Resources:** The State Rural Development Office is a valuable resource to answer program questions. You can find contact information for the Washington state office [here](#). If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Water and Waste Disposal Grants
- **Department**: Department of Agriculture
- **Agency**: Rural Development
- **Description**: This account will fund water and waste disposal projects.
- **Eligible Projects**: Funding can be used to finance:
  - Acquisition, construction or improvement of drinking water sourcing, treatment, storage and disposal
  - Sewer collection, transmission, treatment and disposal
  - Solid waste collection, disposal and closure
  - Storm water collection, transmission, and closure
- **Details and Requirements:**
  - **Nonprofits are not eligible for this account.** If you are a nonprofit, we recommend partnering with a local government or public entity to submit your project.
  - Projects must serve rural areas and towns with a population of 10,000 or less or Tribal lands in rural areas.
  - Projects require a 25% non-federal cost share.
  - Please provide information on the number of households and businesses served and details about the exact work that will be completed.
  - Please contact the State Rural Development Office to discuss the project and confirm eligibility. Contact information is included in resources below.
- **Resources:** The State Rural Development Office is a valuable resource to answer program questions. You can find contact information for the Washington state office [here](#). If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Agricultural Research Service Buildings and Facilities
- **Department**: Department of Agriculture
- **Agency**: Agricultural Research Service (ARS)

- **Description**: ARS owns and operates laboratories and facilities across the United States. Requests must be for ARS-owned facilities or facilities that partner with ongoing ARS research.
- **Eligible Projects**: Eligible uses include the acquisition of land, construction, repairs, improvements, extensions, alterations, and purchases of fixed equipment or facilities.
- **Details and Requirements:**
  - There are three ARS facilities in Washington state, none of which are within the district: Wenatchee, Wapato and Pullman.
  - **It is highly unlikely that any project in the district would be eligible.** However, although none of the ARS facilities are within the district, other facility requests could potentially be eligible if they already partner with ongoing ARS research.
  - Requested funding for new facilities that do not have an existing ARS tie will not be considered.
  - You are strongly encouraged to provide details on the research that would be conducted, why the research is a high priority, how the funding would modernize and improve the research conducted and why it is critical in carrying out ARS research.
- **Resources**: Please confirm with relevant ARS facility whether your request would be eligible.

NRCS Conservation Operations

- **Department**: Department of Agriculture
- **Agency**: Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)
- **Description**: NRCS supports private landowners, conservation districts and other organizations to conserve, maintain and improve the Nation's natural resources.
- **Eligible Projects:** Eligible uses include projects that will reduce soil erosion, improve soil health, enhance water supplies, improve water quality, increase wildlife habitat, and reduce damage caused by floods and other natural disasters.
- **Details and Requirements:**
  - **Nonprofits are not eligible for this account.** If you are a nonprofit, we recommend partnering with a local government or conservation district to submit your project.
  - You are strongly encouraged to provide details on the project scope, including if the project will conduct surveys, investigations, or research, and if there is a plan to publish the results of any such work.
  - You should also describe any preventive measures to be taken, such as engineering operations, methods of cultivation, or changes in use of land.
  - The Subcommittee will only consider State, local or Tribal governments and conservation districts as recipients. Non-profit recipients will not be considered.
- **Resources**: The Washington State Natural Resources Conservation Service is a valuable resource to answer program questions. You can find contact information for the Washington state office here. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

Scientific and Technical Research and Services

- **Department**: Department of Commerce
- **Agency**: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
- **Description**: Projects will support standards-related research and technology development.
- **Eligible Projects**: Funding must be used for activities consistent with and supportive of NIST's mission and within its authorities as defined here.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - This account does not fund building construction or renovation.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

NOAA Coastal Zone Management

- **Department**: Department of Commerce
- **Agency**: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
- **Description**: Projects will support the protection, restoration and responsible development of our nation's diverse coastal communities and resources.
- **Eligible Projects**: Projects must be aligned with one or more of the purposes described in the Coastal Zone Management Act.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Any project must be aligned with NOAA's mission.
  - In general, grant funds require a 100% match in non-federal funds.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance - Byrne Justice Assistance Grant

- **Department**: Department of Justice
- **Agency**: Bureau of Justice Assistance
- **Description**: Byrne Justice Assistance Grants (JAG) assist state, local, and tribal law enforcement prevent crime, improve the criminal justice system, provide victims' services and other related activities.
- **Eligible Projects**: In general, JAG funds may be used to provide additional personnel, equipment, supplies, contractual support, training, technical assistance, and information systems for criminal justice or civil proceedings, including for one or more of the following categories:
  - Law enforcement programs
  - Prosecution and court programs
  - Prevention and education programs
  - Corrections and community corrections programs
  - Drug treatment and enforcement programs
  - Planning, evaluation, and technology improvement programs
  - Crime victim and witness programs (other than compensation)
  - Mental health programs and related law enforcement and corrections programs, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams

- o Implementation of state crisis intervention court proceedings and related programs, including but not limited to mental health courts, drug courts, veterans courts and extreme risk protection order programs
  - o You can go here for more information about eligible uses.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - o The Committee will not accept requests for:
    - Any security enhancements or any equipment to any nongovernmental entity that is not engaged in criminal justice or public safety
    - Vehicles
    - Luxury items
    - Real estate
    - Construction projects other than penal or correctional institutions; only smaller penal and correctional institution construction requests that are within the capability of single-year funding will be allowable
    - Initiatives that involve the distribution of drug paraphernalia
    - Initiatives that undermine the 2nd Amendment or infringe upon rights guaranteed by the Constitution without due process of law
    - Initiatives that appear to be anti-law enforcement or unrelated to criminal justice
  - o The Committee will prioritize projects focused on improving the effectiveness of law enforcement, increasing officer safety, curbing the opioid crisis and other strategic priorities.
  - o You can view an overview of the JAG program for more information.
  - o You can go here for more information on allowable costs and to answer other questions.
- **Resources:** Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Community Oriented Policing Services - Technology and Equipment

- **Department**: Department of Justice
- **Agency**: Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)
- **Description:** COPS Technology and Equipment (COPS Tech) grants assist state, local, and tribal law enforcement in developing and procuring the technology and equipment needed to respond more quickly and effectively, improve officer safety, increase transparency and enhance community relations.
- **Eligible Projects**: This funding can be used by State, Tribal and local law enforcement agencies to develop and/or acquire technologies and equipment, such as interoperable communications technologies, modernized criminal record technology and forensic technology. Technology can be used to help prevent crime rather than react to crime.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - o Eligible recipients include State, Tribal and local law enforcement agencies.
  - o The Committee will not fund building construction or renovation under this account.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

NASA Safety, Security, and Mission Services

- **Department:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- **Description:** This account supports science education, research and technology development related to NASA' s mission.
- **Eligible Projects:** Projects should focus on science, education, research, and technology development and advance one of the purposes described [here](#).
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Funding for building construction, renovation projects and medical research will not be considered for community project funding.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

- **Department**: Department of Defense/U.S. Army
- **Agency**: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- **Description**: This account will fund authorized Army Corps of Engineers projects. All funding will go to the Corps to undertake the project.
- **Eligible Projects**: The subcommittee will only consider community project funding requests in the following Army Corps accounts:
  - Investigations
  - Construction
  - Mississippi River and Tributaries
  - Operation and Maintenance
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Only authorized Army Corps projects where the scope of work is included within existing authorization are eligible for funding. Please include the statutory citation when submitting the project.
  - Your CPF request might be eligible if it funds a Corps project that:
    - already exists;
    - is under construction and not funded to completion;
    - is being studied;
    - is pretty small and you are mostly working it out directly with the Corps; or
    - our office asked for language in a **previous** Water Resources Development Act
  - All Army Corps requests should reflect a funding amount that can be realistically utilized in Fiscal Year 2027.
  - The subcommittee may provide funding for a very limited number of new start projects. The subcommittee did not support any new start projects in FY25 or FY26.
  - Please contact the Army Corps to discuss the project and confirm eligibility. Contact information is included in resources below.
  - Environmental infrastructure (EI) projects may be limited – priority will be placed on projects that focus on navigation, flood and storm damage reduction or environmental restoration.
- **Resources**: If you need help determining whether a project is authorized or have any questions, contact the Army Corps Seattle District. Please describe your project and ask the following questions:
  - Is that work authorized and what is the statutory citation?
  - What is your FY2027 above-budget capability for that work?
- If the answers to the above questions sound like "yes" and "non-zero" dollar figure, that's a good sign. If the answers sound like "no" and "zero," it will likely not be eligible.

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation

- **Department**: Department of Interior
- **Agency**: U.S. Bureau of Reclamation
- **Description**: This account will fund authorized Bureau of Reclamation projects. All funding will go to Reclamation to undertake the project.
- **Eligible Projects**: The subcommittee will only consider Water and Related Resources projects.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Only authorized Reclamation projects where the scope of work is included within existing authorization are eligible for funding. Please include the statutory citation when submitting the project.
  - If the project is authorized in a manner other than an individual project authorization, please contact our office for help determining whether the project is eligible.
  - All Reclamation requests should reflect a funding amount that can be realistically utilized in Fiscal Year 2027.
  - Reclamation is unique and can be hard to navigate. If you plan to request a CPF that hasn't been funded in Reclamation before, and you are unfamiliar with the terms "Rural Water Project," "Indian Water Rights Settlement," and "repayment contract," please reach out to us.
  - Projects authorized under sections 4007, 4009(a), and 4009(c) of the Water Infrastructure Improvements Act for the Nation (WIIN) Act of 2016 will not be accepted. These sections are related to water storage and desalination projects, as well as planning, design and construction for projects that have been studied in nonfederal feasibility studies; you can find more information about these sections [here](#).
  - Please contact the Bureau of Reclamation to discuss the project and confirm eligibility. Contact information is included in resources below.
- **Resources**: If you need help determining whether a project is authorized or have any questions, contact the Bureau of Reclamation's [Columbia-Pacific Northwest Region](#). Please describe your project and ask the following questions:
  - Is that work authorized and what is the statutory citation?
  - What is your FY2027 above-budget capability for that work?
- If the answers to the above questions sound like "yes" and "non-zero" dollar figure, that's a good sign. If the answers sound like "no" and "zero," it will likely not be eligible.

Homeland Security Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Homeland Security Subcommittee [here](#) or read a detailed summary below:

Pre-Disaster Mitigation Projects

- **Department**: Department of Homeland Security
- **Agency**: Federal Emergency Management Agency
- **Description**: This account will fund projects that assist state, local, tribal, and territorial governments with planning and implementing sustainable, cost-effective measures to provide long-term, permanent risk reduction to individuals and property from future natural hazards, such as floods and wildfires, while reducing reliance on federal funding for future disasters.
- **Eligible Projects**: Eligible projects must meet all project requirements detained in the most recent Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for the [Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program](#). Eligible projects include:
    - Capability and Capacity Building Activities – Projects that enhance the knowledge, skills, expertise of the current workforce to expand or improve the administration of mitigation assistance, including project scoping, hazard mitigation planning and planning-related activities, and other activities.
    - Hazard Mitigation Projects – Cost-effective projects designed to increase resilience and public safety, reduce injuries and loss of life, and reduce damage and destruction to property, critical services, facilities and infrastructure (including natural systems) from a multitude of natural hazards and the effects of climate change
    - Management Costs – Financial assistance to reimburse the recipient and subrecipient for eligible and reasonable indirect costs, direct administrative costs and other administrative expenses associated with a specific mitigation measure or project for up to 10 percent of the total amount of the grant award
- **Details and Requirements**:
    - You cannot use grant funding for dredging waterways or the purchase of emergency vehicles and equipment.
    - You must provide a letter from Washington Emergency Management confirming project eligibility and their willingness to administer the grant.
    - Washington Emergency Management or the Tribal government requesting the funds must submit an application to FEMA and serve as the administrative agent for the grant on behalf of the entities responsible for the project (grant subrecipients).
    - Funding can only cover 75 percent of the total cost of the project – the remaining 25 percent of costs must come from non-federal sources. Small, impoverished communities may be eligible for up to a 90 percent federal cost-share for their mitigation planning and project sub-applications.
    - Please provide a detailed description of the project.
    - You will need to provide a Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA) or other documentation that validates cost-effectiveness, which is defined by FEMA as having a BCA of 1.0 or greater? A non-FEMA BCA methodology may only be used if pre-approved by FEMA in writing.
    - Please share the minimum amount of federal funding needed for the project to advance if it is not feasible to fund the full amount requested.

- **Resources**: You can reach out to [Washington State Emergency Management](#) for more information. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Emergency Operations Center Grant Program

- **Department**: Department of Homeland Security
- **Agency**: Federal Emergency Management Agency
- **Description**: This account will fund projects that improve emergency management and preparedness capabilities by supporting flexible, sustainable, secure, strategically located, and fully interoperable Emergency Operations Centers (EOCs) with a focus on addressing identified deficiencies and needs.
- **Eligible Projects**: Eligible projects must meet all project requirements detained in the most recent Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for the [Emergency Operations Center Grant Program](#). Funding can be used to construct or renovate EOCs to provide fully capable facilities to ensure continuity of operations and continuity of government in major disasters or emergencies.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - EOC is defined as a "facility or capability from which direction and control is exercised in an emergency. This type of center or capability is designated to ensure that the capacity exists for leadership to direct and control operations from a centralized facility or capability in the event of an emergency."
  - Funding cannot be used for software, computers, personnel costs, replacement radios for police, fire and other response personnel, generators for emergency shelters or any equipment that is portable and does not directly support the functional and operational capabilities of an EOC.
  - You must provide a letter from Washington Emergency Management confirming project eligibility and their willingness to administer the grant.
  - If the EOC request involves construction of a multipurpose facility, such as a public safety building or police/fire station, the CPF request must limit costs to only the square footage directly associated with the EOC and not the entire facility.
  - Washington Emergency Management or the Tribal government requesting the funds must submit an application to FEMA and serve as the administrative agent for the grant on behalf of the entities responsible for the project (grant subrecipients).
  - Funding can only cover 75 percent of the total cost of the project – the remaining 25 percent of costs must come from non-federal sources.
  - Please provide a detailed description of the project.
- **Resources**: You can reach out to [Washington State Emergency Management](#) for more information. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Interior, Environment and Related Agencies Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Interior, Environment and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

State and Tribal Assistance Grants – Clean Water State Revolving Fund

- **Department**: Environmental Protection Agency
- **Description**: State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG) fund local clean water/wastewater infrastructure projects.
- **Eligible Projects**: These grants fund construction of and modifications to municipal sewage treatment plants and associated infrastructure. Projects that are generally eligible for Clean Water/Wastewater STAG grants include:
  - Wastewater treatment plants, including sludge handling facilities - Upgraded (increase in treatment level) or expanded (increase in treatment capacity) facilities, including biological facilities, mechanical, a lagoon system, a land treatment system, or individual on-site systems.
  - Collector Sewers - Small sewers that convey wastewater from residences, commercial establishments, and industrial sites to larger interceptor sewers.
  - Interceptor Sewers - Large sewers that convey wastewater from collector sewers directly to a wastewater treatment facility.
  - Sewer Pipes - Rehabilitation is eligible only if pipes are publicly owned.
  - Outfall Sewer - A sewer that conveys treated wastewater from a wastewater treatment facility to the receiving waters (i.e., a river, stream, lake, ocean, etc.).
  - Stormwater Management - Measures to manage, reduce, treat, or recapture stormwater or subsurface drainage water (i.e. storm sewers, green infrastructure, etc.).
  - Combined sewer overflow (CSO) control and sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) control - Combined sewers are sewers that convey both wastewater and storm water and may overflow during periods of heavy rain. The costs to correct CSO and SSO overflow problems are eligible.
  - Infiltration/Inflow Correction - Construction activities that prevent surface water or groundwater from entering the sewer system.
  - Water Security - These projects include installation or upgrade of physical security infrastructure such as lighting, fencing, monitoring and access control. Also, cybersecurity measures, installation of safer treatment technologies, and more secure storage of on-site treatment.
  - Septic Tanks - Remediation, rehabilitation, removal and replacement of failing tanks are eligible, as well as installation of new tanks where none had previously existed.
  - Land - The leasing and fee-simple purchase of land, including surface and subsurface easements, needed to locate eligible municipal or tribal projects, and land integral to the treatment process (e.g., land for effluent application or recharge basins), and a place to store equipment and material during POTW construction. Municipal purchase of land and/or conservation easements for source water protection are also eligible.

- o Water Reuse - Projects involving the municipal reuse or recycling of wastewater, stormwater, or subsurface drainage water. This includes but is not limited to the purchase and installation of treatment equipment sufficient to meet reuse standards, distribution systems to support effluent reuse, recharge transmission lines, injection wells, and equipment to reuse effluent (e.g., gray water, condensate, and wastewater effluent reuse systems).
    - o Capital Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Projects – e.g., river or streambank restoration, agricultural best management practices (i.e., buffer strips, manure containment structures), wetlands restoration, etc.
    - o You can read more about eligibility guidelines here.
  - **Details and Requirements**:
    - o Projects must be otherwise eligible for Washington's Clean Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) loan program.
    - o Projects that are generally NOT eligible for Clean Water/Wastewater STAG grants include:
      - ▪ Land, except for projects described in the eligibility section above
      - ▪ Operations and maintenance costs
      - ▪ Non-municipal point source control
      - ▪ Acid rain drainage correction
      - ▪ Ambient water quality monitoring
      - ▪ Flood control projects, unless the project is otherwise managing, reducing, treating, or recapturing stormwater
      - ▪ Privately owned sewer pipes
      - ▪ Projects, or a portion of the project, that directly benefits a resort, golf course, athletic field, park amenity, garden, or similar projects
      - ▪ Projects solely for flood control are not eligible. It is possible for an eligible project to have a flood control benefit, but the project must achieve a water quality benefit
    - o There is a minimum 20% non-federal cost share requirement for any portion of a project funded through a STAG infrastructure grant.
    - o The Committee will look favorably upon requests for projects that are listed on a state's most recent Intended Use Plans for their Clean Water SRFs.
    - o Privately-owned projects are NOT eligible for infrastructure grants, even if they are otherwise eligible for assistance under a SRF program.
  - **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

State and Tribal Assistance Grants – Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

- **Department**: Environmental Protection Agency
- **Description**: State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG) fund local drinking water infrastructure projects.
- **Eligible Projects**: These grants fund construction of and modifications to drinking water treatment plants and associated infrastructure. Projects that are generally eligible for Drinking Water STAG grants include:
  - o Facilitate compliance with national primary drinking water regulations or address serious risks to public health including non-regulated contaminants (i.e. PFAS).

- o Rehabilitate or develop water sources (excluding reservoirs, dams, dam rehabilitation and water rights) to replace contaminated sources.
- o Install or upgrade treatment facilities.
- o Install or upgrade storage facilities, including finished water reservoirs, to prevent microbiological contaminants from entering the water system.
- o Install or replace transmission and distribution pipes to prevent contamination caused by leaks or breaks in the pipe, or improve water pressure to safe levels.
- o Projects to consolidate water supplies – for example, when individual homes or other public water supplies have a water supply that is contaminated, or the system is unable to maintain compliance for financial or managerial reasons – are eligible for DWSRF assistance.
- o Land is eligible only if it is integral to a project that is needed to meet or maintain compliance and further public health protection.
- o Project planning, design and other related costs.
- o You can read more about eligibility [here](#).
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - o Projects must be otherwise eligible for Washington's [Drinking Water](#) State Revolving Fund (SRF) loan programs.
  - o Projects that are generally NOT eligible for Drinking Water STAG grants include:
    - Dams or rehabilitation of dams
    - Operations and maintenance costs
    - Water rights, except if the water rights are owned by a system that is being purchased through consolidation as part of a capacity development strategy or if the water rights purchase is covered by EPA's DWSRF Class Deviation for Water Rights 2019
    - Reservoirs, except for finished water reservoirs and those reservoirs that are part of the treatment process and are located on the property where the treatment facility is located
    - Laboratory fees for monitoring
    - Projects needed mainly for fire protection
    - Projects for systems that lack adequate technical, managerial, and financial capability, unless assistance will ensure compliance
    - Projects for systems in significant noncompliance, unless funding will ensure compliance
    - Projects primarily intended to serve future growth
    - Projects, or a portion of the project, that directly benefits a resort, golf course, athletic field, park amenity, garden, or similar projects
    - Projects solely for flood control are not eligible. It is possible for an eligible project to have a flood control benefit, but the project must achieve a water quality benefit
  - o There is a minimum 20% non-federal cost share requirement for any portion of a project funded through a STAG infrastructure grant.
  - o The Committee will look favorably upon requests for projects that are listed on a state's most recent Intended Use Plans for their [Drinking Water](#) SRFs.

- Privately-owned projects are NOT eligible for infrastructure grants, even if they are otherwise eligible for assistance under a SRF program.
- For drinking water projects, the recipient must be a public water system.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

HRSA Health Facilities Construction and Equipment

- **Department**: Department of Health and Human Services
- **Agency**: Health Resources Services Administration
- **Description**: This account can be used for construction and equipment at health care facilities.
- **Eligible Projects**: This account can be used for construction, renovation, or capital equipment purchase for facilities for health, mental health, or substance use disorder services, training of health professionals, or medical research. In addition to construction and renovation, funding can be used to acquire capital equipment, such as lab equipment, x-ray machines, or telehealth and information technology.
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Equipment with lower costs may also be eligible, if it is treated as an item of capital expense under the recipient institution's pre-existing, written accounting policies.
  - Equipment expenses for health information systems and electronic medical records systems are permitted expenditures, software licensees or operating fees are **not** eligible.
  - The costs of expendable supplies such as pharmaceuticals, lab chemicals, or office paper are **not** eligible.
  - Funding **cannot** be used to acquire land or purchase existing buildings, or to pay salaries or other operating costs.
  - Funding can be used for architectural and engineering costs associated with an eligible construction project but cannot be used for general feasibility studies.
  - Non-profit entities are eligible if they are:
    - Certified rural health clinics
    - Federally Qualified Health Centers
    - Designated Critical Access Hospitals
    - Hospitals located in areas that meet HRSA's definition of rural: https://www.hrsa.gov/rural-health/about-us/what-is-rural
  - The House majority included requirements that may make this funding hard to access for most Washington health care facilities. Specifically, it requires that the following entities are **not eligible** for funding:
    - Entities that perform or promote abortions, including providing referrals, counseling, lobbying, and training related to abortions; furnish or develop any item intended to procure abortions; or provide financial support for such entities.
    - Entities that conduct research using embryonic stem cells (if such tissue is obtained pursuant to an induced abortion) or human germline gene modification.
    - Entities that facilitate, promote access to, or refer for psychological, behavioral, or medical interventions for gender affirming care
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Military Construction, Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Subcommittee

You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Subcommittee here or read a detailed summary below:

Military Construction Accounts

- **Department**: Department of Defense
- **Description**: This account provides funding for construction of military projects.
- **Eligible Projects**: Projects must be included under one of the following categories:
    - Construction– Active Components:
        - Army
        - Navy and Marine Corps
        - Air Force
        - Space Force
        - Defense-Wide Agencies (Special Operations Command (SOCOM), Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), etc.)
    - Construction– Reserve Components:
        - Army National Guard
        - Air National Guard
        - Army Reserve
        - Navy Reserve
        - Air Force Reserve
- **Details and Requirements**:
    - All requests, including for design and minor construction, must be included on an unfunded requirements/unfunded priorities list (UFR/UPL) submitted to Congress by a military service, combatant command, or the Office of the Under Secretary for Research and Engineering, or have an existing active authorization from a prior National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA).
    - Some Reserve Component projects will require a state funding match. Requesting offices must determine whether the proposed project requires such a match and if so, confirm that the project has current State match funding before the request can be considered. The committee cannot waive match requirements.
    - If the project is included in the President's budget request, it should not be submitted as Community Project Funding.
    - To be eligible for the construction accounts, requested projects must have at least 35 percent of its design completed. For projects that have not reached 35 percent design, planning and design funding may be requested.
    - Projects must be able to obligate funds in Fiscal Year 2027. Projects cannot be for multiyear funding.
    - If projects have not been previously authorized, requests must also be submitted to the House Armed Services Committee (HASC) for inclusion in the Fiscal Year 2027 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA). Previous authorizations expire after 3 fiscal years.
    - All projects must have a corresponding DD Form 1391, which is used by DoD to submit requirements and justifications in support of funding requests for military construction to Congress. Our office can help you acquire this document.
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Transportation, Housing and Urban Development Subcommittee

Airport Improvement Program

- o **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) here.
- o **Department**: Department of Transportation
- o **Agency**: Federal Aviation Administration
- o **Description**: AIP grants provide funding for the planning and development of public-use airports that are included in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems.
- o **Eligible Projects**: Eligible projects include those improvements related to enhancing airport safety, capacity, security, and environmental concerns. In general, sponsors can get AIP funds for most airfield capital improvements or rehabilitation projects and in some specific situations, for terminals, hangars, and nonaviation development. Certain professional services that are necessary for eligible projects (such as planning, surveying, and design) can also be eligible. Examples of eligible projects include:
  - o Runway, taxiway or apron construction/rehabilitation
  - o Airfield lighting or signage
  - o Airfield drainage
  - o Land acquisition
  - o Weather observation stations (AWOS)
  - o NAVAIDs such as REILs and PAPIs
  - o Planning or environmental studies
  - o Safety area improvements
  - o Airport layout plans (ALPs)
  - o Access roads located entirely on airport property
  - o Removing, lowering, moving, marking and lighting hazards
  - o Glycol Recovery Trucks/Glycol Vacuum Trucks, if owned and operated by the airport and bought under Buy American Preference requirements
- o **Details and Requirements**:
  - o Eligible airports within WA's Second Congressional District include Anacortes Airport, Bellingham International Airport, Skagit Regional Airport, Orcas Island Airport, Paine Field, Friday Harbor Airport, Whidbey Air Park and Lopez Island Airport.
  - o Ineligible projects include:
    - Operational costs, such as salaries, equipment, and supplies
    - Maintenance equipment and vehicles
    - Office and office equipment
    - Fuel farms, except certain projects at some non-primary airports
    - Landscaping
    - Artworks
    - Aircraft hangars, except certain projects at some non-primary airports
    - Industrial park development
    - Marketing plans
    - Training
    - Improvements for commercial enterprises
    - Maintenance or repairs of buildings
  - o AIP grants have cost share requirements:

- For large and medium primary hub airports, the grant covers 75 percent of eligible costs (or 80 percent for noise program implementation)
- For small primary, reliever and general aviation airports, the grant covers a range of 90-95 percent of eligible costs, based on statutory requirements.
  - o The project must meet federal requirements, including Buy America, contracting competition requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act.
  - o All projects must be included in the FAA's National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS).
  - o You can read more about AIP requirements here.
  - o Please reach out to the local FAA office to ensure project eligibility.
- o **Resources**: FAA's Northwest Mountain Regional Airports Division is a valuable resource to answer program questions. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Highway Infrastructure Projects
- o **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for Highway Infrastructure Projects here.
- o **Department**: Department of Transportation
- o **Agency**: Federal Highway Administration
- o **Description**: This account will fund projects eligible under the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program, as amended by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, Federal Lands and Tribal Transportation Programs or Tribal Transportation Programs.
- o **Eligible Projects**: Eligible projects include:
  - o Construction of highways, bridges, tunnels, ferry boats and terminals
  - o Transit capital projects
  - o Infrastructure-based intelligent transportation systems capital improvements, including the installation of vehicle-to-infrastructure communication equipment
  - o Truck parking facilities
  - o Border infrastructure projects
  - o Wildlife crossing structures
  - o Operational improvements and capital and operating costs for traffic monitoring, management, and control facilities and programs
  - o Highway and transit safety infrastructure improvements and programs
  - o Recreational trails projects including maintenance and restoration of existing recreational trails, pedestrian and bicycle projects, and modifications to comply with accessibility requirements under the Americans with Disabilities Act
  - o Engineering, rehabilitation, restoration, construction, and reconstruction of tribal transportation facilities
  - o Environmental mitigation in or adjacent to tribal land to improve public safety and reduce wildlife mortality, or to mitigate the damage to habitat, including the costs of constructing, maintaining, replacing, or removing culverts and bridges
- o **Details and Requirements**:
  - o All projects must be capital projects or project-specific planning/design for a capital project.

- Highway Infrastructure Projects have a non-Federal cost share requirement calculated on a sliding scale. The standard federal share is 90% for a project on the Interstate system and 80% for any other project, but there are a number of exceptions and adjustments to the standard federal share that can be found [here](#).
- The project must meet federal requirements, including Buy America, contracting competition requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act.
- The subcommittee will not fund activities that are administrative in nature even if they are eligible expenses under the statutory citation, including general operating expenses.
- Please reach out to the Washington State Department of Transportation to ensure your project meets eligibility requirements.
- Must be requested by a state, local or Tribal entity. Nonprofits are not eligible.
  - **Resources**: Please reach out to the [Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT)](#) if you have any questions about this account. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Transit Infrastructure Projects

- **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for Transit Infrastructure Projects [here](#).
- **Department**: Department of Transportation
- **Agency**: Federal Transit Administration
- **Description**: This account funds transit capital projects or planning and design for a transit capital project.
- **Eligible Projects**: Eligible projects include projects that are eligible under the Buses and Bus Facilities Grant program, the Low or No Emission Grant Program, and capital projects as defined under Chapter 53 of title 49 of United States Code:
  - Acquiring, constructing, supervising, or inspecting equipment or a facility for use in public transportation
  - Expenses incidental to the acquisition or construction (including designing, engineering, location surveying, mapping, and acquiring rights-of-way)
  - Transit-related intelligent transportation systems
  - Relocation assistance, acquiring replacement housing sites, and acquiring, constructing, relocating and rehabilitating replacement housing
  - Rehabilitating or remanufacturing a bus
  - Overhauling rail rolling stock
  - Preventative maintenance
  - Leasing equipment or a facility for use in public transportation, in certain circumstances
  - Other eligible projects as defined [here](#)
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - Public transportation or transit is defined as regular, continuing shared-ride surface transportation that is open to the general public or open to a segment of the general public defined by age, disability, or low income, and does not include intercity passenger rail transportation, intercity bus service, charter bus service, school bus service, sightseeing service, courtesy shuttle service for patrons of one or more specific establishments, or intra-terminal or intra-facility shuttle services.

- o The subcommittee will not fund activities that are administrative in nature even if they are eligible expenses under the statutory citation, including general operating expenses.
- o The project must meet federal requirements, including Buy America, contracting competition requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act.
- o In general, transit capital projects typically require a 20 percent non-federal share. This may vary depending on the project.
- o The subcommittee will not fund Capital Investment Grants (CIG) projects under Transit Infrastructure Projects.
- o **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Consolidated Rail Infrastructure and Safety Improvements

- o **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for Consolidated Rail Infrastructure and Safety Improvements (CRISI) [here](#).
- o **Department**: Department of Transportation
- o **Agency**: Federal Railroad Administration
- o **Description**: This account funds rail capital projects or systems planning for a rail capital project to improve intercity passenger rail and freight rail transportation systems.
- o **Eligible Projects**: Projects must be eligible under CRISI:
  - o Deployment of railroad safety technology, including positive train control and rail integrity inspection systems
  - o Acquiring, constructing, improving, or inspecting equipment, track and track structures, or a facility for use in or for the primary benefit of intercity passenger rail service
  - o Expenses incidental to the acquisition or construction (including designing, engineering, location surveying, mapping, environmental studies, and acquiring rights-of-way)
  - o Highway-rail grade crossing improvement project
  - o Mitigating environmental impacts
  - o Communication and signalization improvements
  - o Relocation assistance, acquiring replacement housing sites, and acquiring, constructing, relocating, and rehabilitating replacement housing
  - o Rehabilitating, remanufacturing or overhauling rail rolling stock and facilities used primarily in intercity passenger rail service
  - o Addresses congestion or safety challenges
  - o Reduces congestion and facilitate ridership growth in intercity passenger rail transportation along heavily traveled rail corridors
  - o Rail line relocation or improvement project
  - o Project that improves short-line or regional railroad structure
  - o Preparation of regional rail and corridor service development plans and corresponding environmental analyses
  - o Enhances multimodal connections or facilitate service integration between rail service and other modes
  - o Development and implementation of measures to prevent trespassing and reduce associated injuries and fatalities
  - o Rehabilitating, remanufacturing, procuring, or overhauling locomotives, provided that
  - o such activities result in a significant reduction of emissions

- o **Details and Requirements**:
  - o The subcommittee will not fund activities that are administrative in nature even if they are eligible expenses under the statutory citation, including general operating expenses, rail-related research and workforce activities.
  - o The project must meet federal requirements, including Buy America, contracting competition requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act.
  - o Rail capital projects under the CRISI program require a minimum 20 percent non-federal share.
  - o You can review FRA's Capital Project Guidance [here](#).
- o **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Port Infrastructure Development Program

- o **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for the Port Infrastructure Development Program (PIDP) [here](#).
- o **Department**: Department of Transportation
- o **Agency**: Maritime Administration (MARAD)
- o **Description**: This account funds port infrastructure development projects that improve the safety, efficiency, or reliability of the movement of goods through ports and intermodal connections to ports.
- o **Eligible Projects**: Projects must be eligible under PIDP, including capital projects that will improve the safety, efficiency or reliability of:
  - o The loading and unloading of good at the port, such as for marine terminal equipment
  - o The movement of goods into, out of, around, or within a port, such as for highway or rail infrastructure, intermodal facilities, freight intelligent transportation systems and digital infrastructure systems
  - o Operational improvements, including projects to improve port resilience
  - o Environmental and emissions mitigation measures
  - o Eligible projects are defined [here](#)
- o **Details and Requirements**:
  - o The project must meet federal requirements, including Buy America, contracting competition requirements and the National Environmental Policy Act.
  - o The Federal share of the total costs of an eligible PIDP projects generally may not exceed 80 percent with potential exceptions for small and rural area ports.
  - o Please reach out to the Pacific Northwest MARAD office to determine project eligibility.
- o **Resources**: Please reach out to the [Pacific Northwest MARAD Office](#) if you have any questions about this account. If you are not receiving a response or they are unable to answer specific questions, please contact our office.

Economic Development Initiative (EDI)

- o **Committee Guidance**: You can view this year's Committee Guidance for Economic Development Initiative (EDI) [here](#).
- o **Department**: Department of Housing and Urban Development
- o **Description**: EDI projects may be used for economic and community development activities.
- o **Eligible Projects**: The Committee excepts to fund the following types of projects and other similar projects:

- Water or sewer infrastructure projects which are not otherwise eligible to be funded under EPA STAG (Interior) or Rural Water and Waste (Agriculture)
- Local road infrastructure that is not otherwise eligible under Highway Infrastructure Projects
- Streetscape improvements
- Public or non-profit housing rehabilitation, housing development financing, residential conversions, and neighborhood revitalization projects, which would increase housing supply and/or improve housing affordability in the local community
- Projects with a clear economic development benefit, such as workforce training centers and manufacturing incubators
- Projects that meet a compelling local need consistent with the statutory purposes. For example, food banks in economically disadvantaged neighborhoods, youth and senior centers, and multipurpose community centers
- **Details and Requirements**:
  - **Nonprofits are not eligible for EDI.** If you are a nonprofit, we recommend partnering with a local government to submit your project; you can be a subrecipient of the grant.
  - Project uses are limited to:
    - Acquisition of real property (including air rights, water rights and other interests) which is:
      - Blighted, deteriorated, deteriorating, undeveloped or inappropriately development for community development and growth
      - Appropriate for rehabilitation or conservation activities
      - Appropriate for the preservation or restoration of historic sites, the beautification of urban land, conservation of open spaces, natural resources and scenic areas, provision of recreational opportunities or the guidance of urban development
      - Used for public works, facilities improves or other public purposes
    - Acquisition, construction, reconstruction or installation of public works, facilities and site or other improvements, including features that promote energy efficiency
    - Clearance, demolition, removal, reconstruction and rehabilitation of buildings and improvements
    - Special projects directed to the removal of material and architectural barriers which restrict the mobility and accessibility of elderly and handicapped people
    - Other criteria is defined in the Committee guidance here
  - Generally, the following types of activities are ineligible:
    - Acquisition, construction, or reconstruction of buildings for the general conduct of government
    - Museums, commemoratives, memorials
    - Swimming pools, water parks, ski slopes, golf courses
    - Healthcare facilities
    - Venues strictly for entertainment purposes – e.g., theaters, amphitheaters, fairgrounds and performing art venues
    - Strictly research, operational or planning activities

- Projects whose sole or primary purpose is for beautification or historic preservation will be disfavored without any evidence of other community development or economic development benefits
- If the project will be under construction prior to receiving the award, the recipient will likely be unable to meet environmental review requirements
- **Resources**: Please reach out to our office if you have any questions about this account.

Other Federal Funding Resources

Community Project Funding is very competitive and funding limitations or project eligibility may prevent many worthy projects from receiving funding. However, the federal government has many other discretionary funding sources available through competitive grants, loans and other opportunities.

Below are several resources that can be used to explore other federal funding opportunities:

- Grants.gov
    - Resource to search and apply for competitive grants from 26 federal agencies. Grants can be searched by agency, type of applicants, intended purpose and more.
- SAM.gov
    - Resource for people who make, receive and manage federal awards.
- GovLoans.gov
    - Resource to find what loans or benefits you might be eligible for.
- Benefits.gov
    - Resource to help you determine what government benefits you might be eligible for and how to apply.
- USA.gov
    - Resource for U.S. government information and services.

Contact Us for More Information

If you have any further questions, please reach out to the staff members below:

- Snohomish County: Jessica Corbman
  - jessica.corbman@mail.house.gov
- Skagit/Whatcom/San Juan Counties: Sean Connell and Rachel Holladay (Please CC both)
  - sean.connell@mail.house.gov
  - rachel.holladay@mail.house.gov
- Island County: Kevin Phan
  - kevin.phan@mail.house.gov
- Tribes: Cameron Caldwell
  - cameron.caldwell@mail.house.gov

You can also contact the Everett District Office at 425-252-3188.